

Technology in Science

Name:

Period:

Use Chapter 1, Section 3 of your textbook to answer the questions below.

Section 3: Tools and Measurement (p.20)

1. For good scientific work, scientists need to select and use tools _____.

Technology in Science (p.20)

2. Scientists use new _____ to get information that they could not get before.

Calculators and Computers (p.20)

3. Scientists regularly collect large amounts of _____.

4. Calculators and computers can be used by scientists to make quick and accurate _____ of data.

5. Some calculators and computers can be programmed to solve complicated _____.

6. Scientists use _____ to share data and ideas and to publish reports of their work.

Binoculars (p.20) - Electron Microscopes (p.21)

Read these sections, and look carefully at Figures 1 and 2. Then match the correct description with the correct term. Write the letter in the space provided.

a. binoculars

c. compound light microscope

b. scanning electron microscope

d. transmission electron microscope

_____ 7. bounces electrons off something to make a 3-D image

_____ 8. helps scientists make observations from far away

_____ 9. passes electrons through something to make a flat image

_____ 10. uses lenses to magnify small objects so they can be seen after light passes through them

11. When using a compound light microscope, items the scientist is looking at may be made more visible by coloring them with special _____.

12. Because it kills them, _____ cannot be looked at with electron microscopes.

13. What technology would be best for observing the movements of a small living thing? Choose from the a-d list above that you used for questions #7-#10.

The best technology to use to observe the movements of a small living thing would be a _____.

