Genetics Name: What Does DNA Look Like? Period: Use Chapter 7, Section 1 to answer the questions below. Section 1: What Does DNA Look Like? (p.208) 1. Inherited characteristics are determined by _____ 2. Genes are found on ______. 3. Chromosomes are found in a cell's ______. 4. Chromosomes are made of protein and _____. 5. All living things have genetic material made of _____ The Pieces of the Puzzle 6. What give the instructions for building and maintaining cells? a. proteins b. carbohydrates c. genes d. traits 7. What happens to genes when cells divide? a. Genes are copied. b. Genes change. c. Genes grow. d. Genes disappear. 8. The ______ of DNA allows genes to give instructions and be copied. Nucleotides: The Subunits of DNA 9. What piece of DNA is made of a sugar, a phosphate, and a base? a. a nucleus b. a nucleotide c. a gene d. a molecule _____ 10. Look at Figure 1. What are the four bases that make up the nucleotides in DNA? a. adenine, thymine, guanine, cytosine b. oxygen, nitrogen, helium, hydrogen c. adenine, cytosine, helium, hydrogen d. sugar, phosphate, chromosome, gene

11. Each base in a nucleotide has a different ______.

now, turn the page in the book and resume reading at the top of page 210

the rest of the questions are on the back of this page

Genetics

What Does DNA Look Like?

Name: Period:

DNA's Double Structure (p.210) [just read the first paragraph in this section]

12. The twisted ladder shape of DNA i	is called a	
13. The sides of the double helix are r	made of	parts and parts.
14. Each rung of the double helix ladd	der is a pair of	
15. If adenine is on one side of a doub	ble helix rung, the other side is	always
16. If guanine is on one side of a double helix rung, the other side is always		
DNA Replication (p.210)		H
 17. When cells replicate DNA, a. grow larger DNA b. make new DNA bases 18. In DNA, why does a base base a. Bases are replicated. b. Bases are fragmentary. 19. Look at Figure 4. What makes the 	c. make copies of DNA d. bond with other DNA bond with only one other base? c. Bases are duplicated. d. Bases are complementar	LAC X
20. Look at Figure 4. What does T always bond with? What does C always bond with?		
How Copies Are Made (p.211)		
21. Look at Figure 5. How is a DNA molecule split as it is copied? a. down the middle b. into thirds c. side to side d. at both ends		
22. Look at Figure 5. As DNA splits, a	a stra	nd forms along each of the original strands.

23. After the two new DNA molecules are formed, half of each is ______ DNA, while the other half is new DNA.

When Copies Are Made (p.211)

- 24. What happens every time that a cell divides?
 - a. The nucleus gets larger.

- c. DNA is permanently destroyed.
- b. The nucleus is permanently destroyed.
- d. DNA is copied.
- ____ 25. What unwinds, copies, and rewinds the DNA inside a cell?
 - a. proteins b. phosphates c. cells d. strands